

ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව
இலங்கைப் பரீட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம்
Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka
ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව
இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரīட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரīட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரīட்சைத் திணைக்களம்
Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka

33 | E | I

අධ්‍යයන පොදු සහතික පත්‍ර (සාමාන්‍ය පෙළ) විභාගය, 2020
கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (சாதாரண தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2020
General Certificate of Education (Ord. Level) Examination, 2020

ඉතිහාසය I
வரலாறு I
History I

පැය එකයි
ஒரு மணித்தியாலம்
One hour

- Note:** (i) Answer *all* questions. This paper carries **80** marks.
(ii) In each of the questions from **1** to **40**, pick one of the alternatives (1), (2), (3), (4) which is *correct or most appropriate*.
(iii) Mark a cross (X) on the number corresponding to your choice in the answer sheet provided.
(iv) Further instructions are given on the back of the answer sheet. Follow them carefully.

- What is the educational institution that Ven. Mahanama who wrote the early part of Mahāvamsa lived?
(1) Diksanda Seneviya Pirivena in Anuradhapura
(2) Ālāhana Pirivena in Polonnaruwa
(3) Maurapāda Pirivena in Dambadeniya
(4) Padmawathie Pirivena in Kēragala
- What is the era that writing of inscriptions including historical information started in Sri Lanka?
(1) Pre-Historic era (2) Proto Historic era
(3) Early Historic era (4) Historic era
- What is the name used to identify the letters used in the early inscriptions of Anuradhapura period?
(1) Kharosthi (2) Nāgara (3) Pallawa (4) Brahmi
- The names of inscriptions that include various laws which the kings have passed to make the people aware of are given in Column I and the information included in those inscriptions are given in Column II. When Column II is matched according to the order of Column I what is the correct answer?

Column I	Column II
1. Vevelketiya inscription	A - Custom duties levied from a harbour
2. Badulla Pillar inscription	B - Rules and Regulations related to a market place
3. Godavāya inscription	C - Information on Judicial activities and Criminal law in villages
	D - Laws related to environment and agricultural activities

- (1) A B C (2) C B A (3) C D A (4) D C B
- Cave inscriptions or the Rock inscriptions mostly denote,
(1) information about kings.
(2) information about the orders of the Government.
(3) about the individuals who donated caves.
(4) about the land donated to Hospitals.
 - From among the following, select the reason for Sri Lanka to develop an identical culture, although it was subjugated to various foreign influences?
(1) Situated closer to Indian Sub-continent.
(2) Being an Island with special geology.
(3) Being located centrally in the Indian Ocean.
(4) Being an important trading centre in the East-West trade route.

7. What is the approximate number of years that is assumed from today to say that the Homosapien human beings lived in Sri Lanka?
- (1) One hundred and twenty five thousand years
(2) Eighty thousand years
(3) Thirty eight thousand years
(4) Twenty eight thousand years
8. What is the identification name given in ancient Eastern countries to the ruler who was elected by the consensus of the majority?
- (1) Mapurumuka (2) Grāmika (3) Mahāsammata (4) Chakravarti
9. During which era did colonies expanded centering village tanks in dry zone?
- (1) Pre-historic era (2) Proto historic era
(3) Early historic era (4) Historic era
10. The livelihood that followed by the people who lived in settlements expanded in the areas away from the river valleys during Early Historic era was
- (1) animal husbandry. (2) chena cultivation.
(3) muddy field farming. (4) trade.
11. The first ruler who transformed the political power of the Parumukas' into a centralized system of Government was
- (1) King Pandukābhaya. (2) King Kāvantissa.
(3) King Dutugemunu. (4) King Vasabha.
12. The names used to identify the Artists who were engaged in various trades in the society in ancient Sri Lanka are given in Column I and their specific trades are given in Column II. When Column II is matched according to the order of Column I what is the correct answer?

Column I	Column II
1. Cabara	A - Gold industry
2. Chitakara	B - Iron industry
3. Thuladara	C - Ivory carving industry
4. Dhatika	D - Art of painting
	E - Clay industry

- (1) A B C D (2) B C A E (3) B D A C (4) E D A C
13. What is the name used to identify the colonies established around harbours in ancient Sri Lanka?
- (1) Pattānagāma (2) Kēwattagāma (3) Manikāragāma (4) Kasikāragāma
14. What is the technological invention that was designed in Sri Lanka and considered to have expanded in South Asia?
- (1) Sluice Gate (2) Stūpa
(3) Water-Garden (4) Dedigama Elephant lamp
15. During the reign of king Nissankamalla the 'Gāutakanu' were erected to show
- (1) the limits of the place where 'Upasatha karma' (Pohoyakarma) was performed.
(2) the limits of the lands donated to Sangha.
(3) the distance of the main roads.
(4) the length of the bunds of the tanks.
16. What is the tank where the Sluice Gate/Sluice of it is conserved as an ancient irrigation construction that consists very special technological knowledge?
- (1) Padaviya (2) Māduru-Oya (3) Nāchchadūva (4) Minnēriaya

17. What is the answer that includes the two correct statements from among the following given under A, B, C and D with regard to king Vasabha.
- A – Building up of the first tank under royal patronage.
 B – Liberating the country from Chola domination.
 C – Being the initial ruler who belonged to the Lambakarna dynasty.
 D – Formalization of the internal administrative system and the systematization of the collection of taxes.
- (1) A and B (2) A and D (3) B and C (4) C and D
18. From among the following what is the **incorrect** statement regarding the Polonnaruwa Period.
- (1) Influence of Hinduism on Buddhism and culture is visible.
 (2) The Māgha invasion caused the fall of the Polonnaruwa kingdom.
 (3) Mahatittha existed as the main harbour during the Polonnaruwa period.
 (4) Polonnaruwa was first selected as the administrative centre by the Cholas.
19. After king Nissankamalla, the woman who represented the Pandyan family at the struggle for the crown that took place between the royal families of Kalinga and Pāndya was,
- (1) Sugala. (2) Kalyanawathie (3) Leelawathie. (4) Tilōkasundari.
20. Names of ancient royal capitals of Sri Lanka are given in Column I and some incidents related to those capitals are given in Column II. When column II is matched according to the order of Column I what is the correct answer?

Column I	Column II
1. Yapahuwa	A - An Arab national, Iban Batuta arrived in Sri Lanka
2. Kurunegala	B - Military operation of the Portuguese army under Philip de Olivera
3. Gampola	C - Compilation of Sinhala Jataka story book
4. Jaffna	D - Arya Chakravartie's invasion of Sri Lanka and the smuggling of Dalada

- (1) A D C B (2) B C D A (3) D B A C (4) D C A B
21. What is the statement that is **not** related to the Jaffna kingdom?
- (1) 'Nayakkars' was the ruling family there.
 (2) Nallur was the Capital of the Jaffna kingdom.
 (3) In Jaffna there was no such physical environment as found in the Kandyan kingdom.
 (4) Jaffna kingdom originated after the downfall of the Rajarata civilization.
22. What is the reason for Sri Lanka to be considered as important at the power struggle in the region of Indian ocean, between the British and the French?
- (1) Acquisition of Trincomalee harbour.
 (2) Propagation of their own religion.
 (3) Obtaining trading goods such as spices.
 (4) Obtaining land suitable for plantations.
23. The main reason for Kotte rulers to be unsuccessful in expelling the Portuguese from the Maritime Provinces of Sri Lanka was,
- (1) the dis-unity that existed among the Kotte rulers.
 (2) acting in favour of the Portuguese by some of the Sinhalese leaders.
 (3) lack of a strong naval power for the Kotte rulers.
 (4) the support given by the people of the Maritime Provinces to the Portuguese.
24. The individual who provided information through various means to Governor Brownrigg in order to subjugate the Kandyan kingdom in 1815 A.D. was,
- (1) Macdowel. (2) Robert Andrews. (3) Major Hook. (4) John Doyly.

25. Arrange Column II in accordance with the order of the concepts given in Column I and select the correct answer from among the following.

Column I	Column II
1. Socialism	A - Earning maximum profit through capital investments
2. Capitalism	B - Acceptance of common rights of people for the wealth of the society
3. Laissez-Faire	C - Minimum interference of the government in economic activities
	D - The utilization of the resources of the colonies for the benefits of the Mother Country

- (1) A B C (2) B A C (3) B D A (4) D A B

26. The most important change that occurred in the political field during the Renaissance in Europe was

- (1) the augmenting of the powers of the Nobels.
 (2) the emergence of Nation states in place of Provincial States.
 (3) the limitation of the powers of the king.
 (4) the establishment of the colonies.

27. From among the following, for what reason John Wycliff, John Huss, Irrasmus and Matrin Luther became famous individuals?

- (1) The service performed for the revival of language and literature
 (2) Criticizing the activities of the Roman Catholic church
 (3) The contribution made to the development of art work
 (4) Forwarding of new opinions about the universe.

28. What is identified by the term 'Paravenigam' during the Kandyan period?

- (1) The land donated to temples
 (2) The land allocated for the use of the Royal Palace.
 (3) The land occupied by the villagers for generations.
 (4) The land donated for the service performed by the Nobles.

29. From among the following what is the statement that includes the meaning of the principle of "People's Sovereignty"?

- (1) The right to appoint and remove the rulers through the consensus of the people.
 (2) The right to gain relief when a fundamental right is demoralized.
 (3) The freedom to work according to one's own political ideas.
 (4) The right to criticize the government through media.

- Answer questions 30 and 31 using following information given from A – E.

- A – The termination of the trading monopoly of the state.
 B – Bi-cameral Parliament
 C – The King/Queen of Great Britain terminated the state leadership in Sri Lanka
 D – The Executive Presidency
 E – The establishment of the Post of Ombudsman

30. What is the answer that includes the information on 1948 Soulbery Constitution and 1972 Republican Constitution.

- (1) A and B (2) B and C (3) C and D (4) D and E

31. What is the answer that includes information on the new constitution of 1978?

- (1) A and B (2) B and C (3) C and D (4) D and E

- Answer question No. 32 using the information given in the following table.

Country	Incident	Result
A. Japan	C. Sinking of the ship Lusitania	E. Origin of the League of Nations
B. Germany	D. Attacking the Pearl harbour	F. The Atomic Bomb attack

32. What is the answer that contains information related to the First World War?

- (1) A C E (2) A C F (3) B C E (4) B D F

33. From among the following what is the decisive factor that influenced to conclude the World War II?
- (1) Assassination of the Italian State leader.
 - (2) Joining of USA to the Allied countries.
 - (3) Defeat of the German Air Force in the hands of the British.
 - (4) Atomic Bomb attack to Hiroshima and Nagasaki cities in Japan.
34. The conference that was fundamental to prepare the Charter of the United Nations Organization was
- (1) Teheran. (2) Atlantic. (3) Moscow. (4) San Fransisco.
- Answer question 35 using the statement given under A and B.
- A – “No taxation without representation.”
- B – “The history will not excuse us if we do not get hold of power at this moment.”
35. With regard to the American war of independence
- (1) A and B are true. (2) A and B are not true.
 - (3) while A is true B is not true. (4) while A is not true B is true.
36. From among the following, what is the **incorrect** statement with regard to the Russian Revolution?
- (1) At the time the Revolution started the farmers were facing various difficulties.
 - (2) The expansion of the doctrine of socialism all over the world was a result of the Russian Revolution.
 - (3) The Tsar’s regime which collected high taxes from the people was very much corrupted.
 - (4) A capitalistic system of economy prevailed in Russia at that time.
- Under A, B, C and D are given couples of statements. Examine the relationship between the statements given as one and two, and answer the questions from 37 – 39.
- | | |
|--|--|
| <p>A – 1. Cold War</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">2. Spy service</p> <p>C – 1. The Jews</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">2. Nazis Troops</p> | <p>B – 1. Non-Alignment conference</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">2. Winston Churchill</p> <p>D – 1. French and British Imperialism</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">2. World War II</p> |
|--|--|
37. The second statement influence to expand the activity of what is given in statement one.
- (1) A (2) B (3) C (4) D
38. The couple of statements does **not** show any relation between the two
- (1) A (2) B (3) C (4) D
39. The second statement influence to the downfall of what is given in statement one
- (1) A (2) B (3) C (4) D
40. The world leader who received the attraction of the world for nationalizing the Suez canal and the assistance given to formulate the non-aligned organization is
- (1) Abdul Gamal Nassar. (2) Mahateer Mohamed.
 - (3) Javahal-lal Neru. (4) Marshel Tito.

* * *

OL/2020/33/E-II

கிடை 0 விவரி அலகில்] முழுப் பதிப்புரிமையுடையது [All Rights Reserved]

ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව
 இலங்கைப் பரீட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம்
 Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka

33 E II

අධ්‍යයන පොදු සහතික පත්‍ර (සාමාන්‍ය පෙළ) විභාගය, 2020
 கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (சாதாரண தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2020
 General Certificate of Education (Ord. Level) Examination, 2020

ஓகிதாசய II
 வரலாறு II
 History II

පැය තුනයි
 மூன்று மணித்தியாலம்
 Three hours

අමතර කියවීමේ කාලය - මිනිත්තු 10 පි
 மேலதிக வாசிப்பு நேரம் - 10 நிமிடங்கள்
 Additional Reading Time - 10 minutes

Use additional reading time to go through the question paper, select the questions you will answer and decide which of them you will prioritise.

- * Question No. 1 in Part I is compulsory.
- * Answer four questions from Part II and one question from Part III.
- * The total number of questions to be answered is six.

Part I

1. (a) (i) Mark and name **all** the historical places in the map of Sri Lanka that is provided.
 Maduru Oya, Senkadagala, Nallur, Lanka Patuna, Mihintale, Kurunegala, Kācharagāma, Iranamadu wewa, Kotmale reservoir, Mannarama Island, Kelaniya, Horton Plains (12 marks)
- (ii) Mark and name **all** the historical places in the part map of the world that is provided.
 Java Island, Mediterranean Sea, Gōva, Korean Peninsular, Madras, Venice. (06 marks)
- (b) (i) Write the answers to the questions given under following A, B, C and D according to their **corresponding** order in your answer script.
 - A - Name the royal person in Portugal who sponsored Geographical Explorations.
 - B - Name the Emperor of Japan who signed the final treaty that wind up the World War II.
 - C - What is the copper 'Sannasa' that provides information on king Vijayabahu I.
 - D - Name the Minister who is honoured as the 'Father of Free Education' in Sri Lanka. (04 marks)

- Study the pictures given under A and B and write the answers for the questions according to order in your answer script.

- (ii) 1. Where do you find the painting given in picture A?
2. Name the king who initiated building that place.
3. Mention **one** of the ornaments that the women in the picture are wearing.
4. Name the construction where those observed these paintings wrote their impressions.

(04 marks)



A

- (iii) 1. What is the name of the person in the picture B?
 2. What is the country that he was the leader during the World War II?
 3. What is the name used to identify his political doctrine?
 4. Name the African country that he subjugated by armed force. (04 marks)



B

Part II

2. (i) Name **three** metals that were used to design coins in the past in Sri Lanka. (03 marks)
 (ii) Name **two** countries to which belonged the foreign coins found in Sri Lanka through archaeological excavations. (02 marks)
 (iii) Name **two** ancient harbours in Sri Lanka from where foreign relations were executed. (02 marks)
 (iv) Describe with reference to **two** factors the importance of coins as a source of studying History. (05 marks)
 (v) Explain with reference to **three** factors the importance of preserving archaeological monuments. (06 marks)
3. (i) What is the Geological-era when huge rainfalls prevailed in this country. (01 mark)
 (ii) Name **two** places in Hambanthota District where information on Pre-Historic human-beings are available. (02 marks)
 (iii) (a) Write **two** methods used by Pre-Historic human-beings to get their food provided. (02 marks)
 (b) Name **two** varieties of herbal food used by the Pre-Historic human-beings. (02 marks)
 (iv) Describe with reference to **two** factors about the technological knowledge used by the Proto Historic human-beings as disclosed through excavations in Uda-Ranchamadama. (05 marks)
 (v) Explain **three** factors that caused the commencement of building huge tanks during the reign of king Vasabha. (06 marks)
4. (i) Name **three** river valleys used to build huge irrigation schemes during the Anuradhapura period. (03 marks)
 (ii) Select from those given within following brackets the suitable answers for the statements given under A to D and write them **correspondingly**.
 A - The pond which is a marvelous construction consisting of artistic and technological values and owned by Abhayagiri Vihara
 B - The canal that carries water to Minneriya and Kaudulla tanks
 C - The outlet which is built at the lower level of the bund of a tank to make possible the removal of mud-waste in the tank
 D - The building that consists of several floors and has built for the use of 'observing uposatha karma' by the Bhikkus.
 [Lōvā Mahā Prāsādaya, Sath Mahal Prāsādaya, Ralapanawa, Mud sluice, Elahera Ela, Angamedilla Ela, Elephant Pond, Kuttam Pokuna] (04 marks)
 (iii) Describe **two** aims of building Prolapsed-tanks (Ellangawa) in the Dry zone. (05 marks)
 (iv) Explain **three** factors that influenced **not** to build big-tanks during the second urbanization era. (06 marks)

5. (i) Name the **three** princes who were involved in 'Vijayaba Kollaya'. (03 marks)
- (ii) Select from those given within brackets the suitable answers for the statements related to the Kandyan kingdom given under A, B, C and D and write them **correspondently**.
- A - The officer of the royal palace who was second only to the king.
- B - The person who was in charge of the Tooth Relic (Dalada) and Dalada Maligawa.
- C - The first Ven. Sangaraja.
- D - The area, that once belonged to the Kandyan kingdom which was equal in size to the North Central Province in modern times.
- [Nuwarakalaviya, Tmanakaduwa, Ven. Hikkaduwe Sri Sumangala, Ven. Welivita Sri Saranankara, Basnayake Nilame, Diyawadana Nilame, Adikāram, Maha Dissawa] (04 marks)
- (iii) Describe under **two** factors the manner in which agricultural activities were organized in the Kandyan kingdom. (05 marks)
- (iv) Explain with the help of **three** factors that king Wimaladharmasooriya I was a 'Great Ruler'. (06 marks)
6. (i) What is the crop that the Dutch started for the first time as a plantation. (01 mark)
- (ii) Name **two** crops that the British started to grow in the Kandyan areas but failed later. (02 marks)
- (iii) (a) State **two** obstacles that the entrepreneurs had to face when starting plantations. (02 marks)
- (b) State the **two** remedies adopted to overcome those obstacles. (02 marks)
- (iv) Describe **two** factors that caused the dry zone to receive speciality in selecting to start colonization. (05 marks)
- (v) Explain **three** objectives of the Mahaveli Development Scheme. (06 marks)
7. (i) Name the persons related to following A, B and C **respectively**.
- A - The first British Governor in Sri Lanka
- B - The Governor of this country at the time when 1818 freedom struggle took place
- C - The Governor of this country at the time when 1848 freedom struggle took place (03 marks)
- (ii) (a) What is the reason that made the Secretary of State for Colonies to send the Cole-brooke Commission to this country? (02 marks)
- (b) What is the recommendation made by the Cole-brooke Commission to reduce the powers of the Governor? (02 marks)
- (iii) State the political right achieved by the citizens of Sri Lanka through the Donoughmore system of government and explain **two** benefits gained by the Sri Lankans as a consequence of that right. (05 marks)
- (iv) Write short notes on any **two** of the following topics related to the constitution of 1978.
- A - Presidential Election
- B - Proportional Representation
- C - Referendum (06 marks)

Part III

8. (i) What is the city where the Greek and Roman scholars were engaged in educational activities and was occupied by the Turks in 1453 AD. (01 mark)
- (ii) Name **two** Italian cities that were famous because of their trading and commercial activities. (02 marks)
- (iii) (a) Write **two** features of architecture during Renaissance. (02 marks)
- (b) Write **two** new theories expressed about the Universe during Renaissance. (02 marks)
- (iv) Explain giving examples on **two** main features of Art and Sculpture that were originated in Italy during the Renaissance. (05 marks)
- (v) Give **one** each political change and economic change that took place in the world because of Geographical Explorations and explain them. (06 marks)
9. (i) What was the foremost city in Britain for supplying raw materials, finished goods and financial activities that required to begin the Industrial Revolution? (01 mark)
- (ii) Name **two** metals mostly used during the Industrial Revolution. (02 marks)
- (iii) Given below are few new inventions during the Industrial Revolution. Select from the names given within brackets and state **correspondently** the persons who were related to them.
- A - Locomotive Engine
- B - The Radio
- C - The Motor Car
- D - Aeroplane
- [Henry Ford, Daimler, Samuel Mose, Gugly Marcorni, George Stevenson, James Watt, Right Brothers, Leggie Beard] (04 marks)
- (iv) Explain **two** factors that influenced the development of textile industry in England during the Industrial Revolution. (05 marks)
- (v) Describe the changes occurred in the fields of transportation and communication in Sri Lanka as a result of the influence of Industrial Revolution, giving an example for each. (06 marks)

* * *

ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව
 இலங்கைப் பரீட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம்
 Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka
 ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව
 இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரīட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரīட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரīட்சைத் திணைக்களம்

33 STE II

අධ්‍යයන පොදු සහතික පත්‍ර (සාමාන්‍ය පෙළ) විභාගය, 2020
 கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (சாதாரண தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2020
 General Certificate of Education (Ord. Level) Examination, 2020

ඉතිහාසය II
 வரலாறு II
 History II

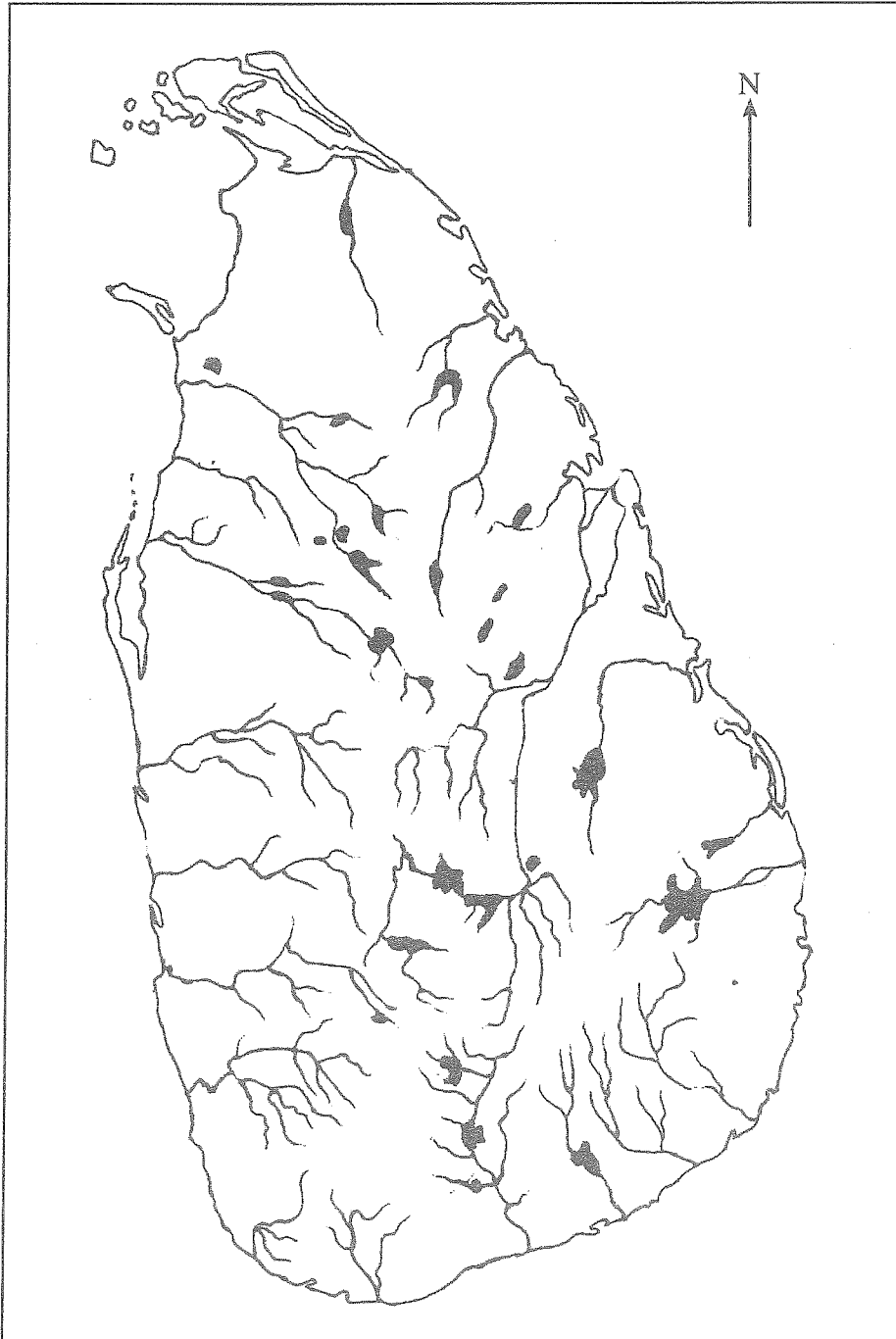
1. (අ) (i)
 1. (அ) (i)
 1. (a) (i)

විභාග අංකය

சுட்டெண்

Index No.

.....



- I. (අ) (ii)
I. (அ) (ii)
I. (a) (ii)

