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අධ්‍යයන පොදු සහතික පත්‍ර (උසස් පෙළ) විභාගය, 2018 අගෝස්තු
கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (உயர் தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2018 ஓகஸ்ட்
General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, August 2018

ඉතිහාසය I (I කොටස)
வரலாறு I (பகுதி I)
History I (Part I)

25 E I

27.08.2018 / 13 00 - 16 10

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மூன்று மணித்தியாலம்
Three hours

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மேலதிக வாசிப்பு நேரம் - 10 நிமிடங்கள்
Additional Reading Time - 10 minutes

Use **additional reading time** to go through the question paper, select the questions and decide on the questions that you give priority in answering.

History of Sri Lanka - From the earliest times to 1978 A.D.

Index No. :

Instructions:

- * This part consists of **40** questions. Answer **all** the questions on **this paper itself**.
- * For each question there are **five** responses of which only **one** is correct. When you have selected the correct answer to a question, **mark your response on this paper according to the instructions given**.
- * **40** marks will be awarded for this part.
- * Time allocated for **both Part I and Part II** is **three** hours.
- Attach **Part I** to the answer script of **Part II** when **handing over**.

Part I

- In each of the questions from **1** to **5** a group of **five** names are given. **One** of the names given in each group **does not** tally with the others. Select that name and write its **number in the bracket**.

1. (1) Harivamsa (2) Dīpavamsa (3) Bodhivamsa
(4) Thūpavamsa (5) Dhātuvamsa (.....)
2. (1) Taprobane (2) Simoundou (3) Serendib
(4) Tambarattha (5) Zeilan (.....)
3. (1) Nandimitta (2) Phussadeva (3) Dīghajantu
(4) Velusumana (5) Goṭhayimbara (.....)
4. (1) Pedro Lopes de Sousa (2) Jeronimo de Azavedo (3) Constantino de Sa de Noronha
(4) Felipe de Oliveira (5) Diego de Mello de Castro (.....)
5. (1) D.S. Senanayake (2) Oliver Goonetilleke (3) Dudley Senanayake
(4) John Kotalawala (5) S.W.R.D. Bandaranaike (.....)

- In each of the questions from **6** to **10**, **five** pairs of names are given. Among them there is one pair in which the names/expressions **do not** tally with one another. Identify that particular pair of names and write its **number in the bracket**.

6. (1) Kadamba nadī - Malvatu oya
(2) Mahā nadī - Dāduru oya
(3) Goṇa nadī - Kalā oya
(4) Vana nadī - Valave gañga
(5) Kappakandara nadī - Māṇik gañga (.....)

[see page two]

7. (1) Megasthenes - Greek
 (2) Procopius - Roman
 (3) Hsuan Tsang - Chinese
 (4) Marco Polo - Persian
 (5) Ibn Batūta - Arab (.....)
8. (1) Khuddapārinda - Budadasa Īaparideva
 (2) Mahāsena - God of Minnēri
 (3) Nissainkamalla - Kālinga Cakravarti
 (4) Pārakramabahu II - Kalikāla-sāhitya-sarvajña-panḍita
 (5) Pārakramabahu VI - Śad bhāsa-parameśvara (.....)
9. (1) Silvat samāgama - Vāliṇiṭa Saranamkara thero
 (2) Saiva Pragasa Sabai - Arumuga Navalar
 (3) Buddhist Theosophical Society - Henry Steel Olcott
 (4) Rāmakrishna Mission - Natesa Aiyar
 (5) Mahābodhi Society - Anagārika Dharmapāla (.....)
10. (1) 1815 - Crown Lands Registration Ordinance
 (2) 1856 - Temple Lands Ordinance
 (3) 1872 - Grain Tax Ordinance
 (4) 1897 - Waste Land Ordinance
 (5) 1935 - Land Development Ordinance (.....)

● For each of the questions from 11 to 15, some names / statements / dates are given in columns X and Y. The names / statements / dates given in column Y have some affinity with those in column X. But they are **not** arranged in the proper order of sequence. When they are arranged in the proper order **one** of the five combinations given below is correct. Write the **number** of the correct combination **in the bracket**.

11. X Y
 (i) Goḍavāya inscription A Rules for the administration of a village
 (ii) Situlpavva inscription B Custom dues from a port
 (iii) Koṇḍavaṭṭavān inscription C Donation of lands by Vijayabāhu I to the shrine of Śrī Pāda
 (iv) Aṁbagamuva inscription D A grant of lands to the Senāpati, Kit Nuvaragal
 (v) Devanagala inscription E Granting to the saṅgha the fines obtained from a court law.
 (1) BEACD (2) CBDAE (3) CDAEB (4) DEACB (5) EDABC (.....)

12. X Y
 (i) Hattota amuṇa A Vaḷave gaṅga
 (ii) Ālahāra amuṇa B Amban gaṅga
 (iii) Miṇipe amuṇa C Kaḷu gaṅga
 (iv) Tānkāṭi amuṇa D Mahavāli gaṅga
 (v) Koṭṭhabaddha amuṇa E Dāduru oya
 (1) BEACD (2) CBDAE (3) CDAEB (4) DEACB (5) EDABC (.....)

13. X Y
 (i) Vijayabāhu Pirivena A Rayigama
 (ii) Padmāvati Pirivena B Mulkirigala
 (iii) Śrī Ghanānanda Pirivena C Pāpiliyana
 (iv) Sunetrādevi Pirivena D Toṭagamuva
 (v) Irugalkulatilaka Pirivena E Kāragala
 (1) BEACD (2) CBDAE (3) CDAEB (4) DEACB (5) EDABC (.....)

14. X Y
- (i) First ruler of the Kandyan Kingdom A Frederick North
(ii) First Dutch Governor B Henry Monck Mason Moore
(iii) First British Governor C William Gopallawa
(iv) First Governor General D Willem J. Coster
(v) First President of Sri Lanka E Senāsammata Vikramabāhu
- (1) BEACD (2) CBDAE (3) CDAEB (4) DEACB (5) EDABC (.....)

15. X Y
- (i) Low Country Products Association A S.A. Wickremasinghe
(ii) Chilaw Association B Victor Corea
(iii) Ceylon National Congress C Charles de Soysa
(iv) Ceylon Communist Party D Ponnambalam Arunachalam
(v) All Ceylon Tamil Congress E G.G. Ponnambalam
- (1) BEACD (2) CBDAE (3) CDAEB (4) DEACB (5) EDABC (.....)

● For questions 16 to 20 select the correct answer and write its **number in the bracket**.

16. From among the following, which list contains the correct order of sequence of the capitals of ancient and medieval Sri Lanka?

- (1) Anurādhapura, Poḷonnaruva, Kurunāgala, Daṁbadeṇiya, Yāpahuva
(2) Anurādhapura, Poḷonnaruva, Daṁbadeṇiya, Kurunāgala, Yāpahuva
(3) Anurādhapura, Poḷonnaruva, Daṁbadeṇiya, Yāpahuva, Kurunāgala
(4) Anurādhapura, Daṁbadeṇiya, Poḷonnaruva, Yāpahuva, Kurunāgala
(5) Anurādhapura, Yāpahuva, Poḷonnaruva, Daṁbadeṇiya, Kurunāgala (.....)

17. From among the following, which list contains the inscriptions related to the foreign invasions of Parākramabahu I?

- (1) Devanagala, Arpakkam, Pallavarāyan-peṭṭai, Sangmu-vihāra
(2) Devanagala, Arpakkam, Pallavarāyan-peṭṭai, Ramēśvaram
(3) Devanagala, Arpakkam, Ramēśvaram, Vijayanagara
(4) Devanagala, Arpakkam, Sangmu-vihāra, Ramēśvaram
(5) Devanagala, Arpakkam, Pallavarāyan-peṭṭai, Tiruvālangāḍu (.....)

18. From among the following, which list contains the authors of the books which contain the history of Sri Lanka after the sixteenth century?

- (1) Ribeiro, Queyroz, Maatzuyker, Barnes
(2) Ribeiro, Queyroz, Valentyn, Baldaeus
(3) Ribeiro, Queyroz, Valentyn, Maitland
(4) Ribeiro, Queyroz, Almeida, Baldaeus
(5) Ribeiro, Valentyn, Baldaeus, Torrington (.....)

19. From among the following, which list contains the battles fought against the Portuguese by the Sinhalese?

- (1) Mulleriya, Danture, Balana, Vellassa
(2) Danture, Balana, Randenivela, Vellassa
(3) Mulleriya, Balana, Randenivala, Katuvana
(4) Balana, Randenivela, Gannoruva, Vellassa
(5) Mulleriya, Danture, Balana, Randenivela (.....)

20. From among the following, which list contains the correct order of sequence of the political parties according to the years of their origin?

- (1) Lanka Sama Samaja Party, United National Party, Illankai Tamil Arasukachchi, Sri Lanka Freedom Party, Mahajana Eksat Peramuna
- (2) Lanka Sama Samaja Party, Illankai Tamil Arasukachchi, United National Party, Sri Lanka Freedom Party, Mahajana Eksat Peramuna
- (3) Illankai Tamil Arasukachchi, United National Party, Lanka Sama Samaja Party, Sri Lanka Freedom Party, Mahajana Eksat Peramuna
- (4) Lanka Sama Samaja Party, Mahajana Eksat Peramuna, Illankai Tamil Arasukachchi, United National Party, Sri Lanka Freedom Party
- (5) United National Party, Lanka Sama Samaja Party, Illankai Tamil Arasukachchi, Sri Lanka Freedom Party, Mahajana Eksat Peramuna (.....)

- In each of the questions from 21 to 25, five items are listed under one heading. One of those items does not relate to the particular heading. Select that item and write its number in the bracket.

21. Administration of the Anuradhapura Kingdom

- (1) The king was the focus of the entire administrative machinery.
- (2) All kings of Anuradhapura belonged to the Maurya dynasty.
- (3) The king, in theory, was the fountain-head of justice.
- (4) The king, in theory, was the bhūpati or the lord of the soil.
- (5) The main source of king's revenue was land. (.....)

22. Abhayagiriya

- (1) The Abhayagiri vihāra was constructed by Vaḷagamba.
- (2) The Abhayagiri vihāra was a famous centre of Buddhist learning.
- (3) Both Theravāda and Mahāyana scriptures were studied at Abhayagiriya.
- (4) Tripitaka was committed to writing at the Abhayagiri viharaya.
- (5) Fa-Hsien, the Chinese traveller monk resided at the Abhayagiri viharaya. (.....)

23. Gampola Kingdom

- (1) Bhuvanekabāhu IV was the first king to rule from Gampola.
- (2) Senā Lankādhikāra and Alagakkonara were two main aristocratic families who lived at this time.
- (3) Kōkila sandēśaya and parevi sandēśaya were composed during the Gampola period.
- (4) There is evidence that Aryacakravarti ruler in Jaffna invaded the Gampola kingdom.
- (5) The Gaḍalādeṇi shrine was a creation of Gaṇeśvarācārya. (.....)

24. Sītavaka Kingdom

- (1) Began after the Vijayabā Kollaya in 1521.
- (2) Mayadunne was the first ruler.
- (3) Rayigama was annexed to the Sītavaka kingdom after the death of Rayigam Bandara.
- (4) The Kandyan territory was annexed to the Sītavaka kingdom in 1582.
- (5) The Jaffna kingdom was annexed to the Sītavaka kingdom in 1619. (.....)

25. Kandyan Convention of 1815

- (1) A treaty signed by the Kandyan chiefs and the British Governor.
- (2) The right of the Nayakkar dynasty to the Kandyan throne was abolished.
- (3) George Turnour was appointed as the Governor of the Kandyan provinces.
- (4) Buddhism was assured of protection by the fifth clause.
- (5) The Kandyan chiefs signed in Sinhala and Tamil languages. (.....)

- For each of the questions from 26 to 30, responses (A), (B), (C) and (D) are given. One or more of these is/are correct. Select the correct response/responses and mark your answer in the bracket according to following instructions.

- 1 if only (A) and (B) are correct.
 2 if only (B) and (C) are correct.
 3 if only (C) and (D) are correct.
 4 if only (A) and (C) are correct.
 5 if only one response or more than two responses is/are correct.

Summary of instructions				
1	2	3	4	5
Only (A) and (B) are correct.	Only (B) and (C) are correct.	Only (C) and (D) are correct.	Only (A) and (C) are correct.	Only one response or more than two responses is/are correct.

26. Which of the following statement/s is/are correct regarding the establishment of Buddhism in Sri Lanka?

- (A) Arrival of Mahinda thero
 (B) Establishment of the Bhikkhu-Bhikkhuni orders
 (C) Donation of the Mahamevuna-uyana to the Saṅgha
 (D) Queen Anula was ordained as a Bhikkhuni (.....)

27. Which of the following statement/s is/are correct regarding the Yāpahuva kingdom?

- (A) Yāpahuva is known as subha pabbata.
 (B) A seat of administration was established for the first time in Yāpahuva by Sankha senevi.
 (C) Bhuvanekabāhu I despatched an embassy to the Sultan of Egypt.
 (D) There was a strong Cola influence on architectural works at Yāpahuva. (.....)

28. Which of the following statement/s is/are correct regarding the achievement of Parakramabāhu VI?

- (A) Parakramabāhu VI unified the island.
 (B) Sri Jayawardhanapura Kotte was the capital of Parakramabāhu VI.
 (C) Parakramabāhu VI defeated Cheng Ho, the Chinese Admiral.
 (D) Parakramabāhu VI constructed the Upulvan devālaya at Devinuvara. (.....)

29. Which of the following statement/s is/are correct regarding Ārumuga Nāvalar?

- (A) Ārumuga Nāvalar was the leader of the Hindu revival of the nineteenth century.
 (B) Ārumuga Nāvalar had close contacts with Henry Steel Olcott.
 (C) Ārumuga Nāvalar founded the Saivangala Vidyasalai.
 (D) Ārumuga Nāvalar was an active member of the temperance movement. (.....)

30. Which of the following statement/s is/are correct regarding D. B. Jayatilaka?

- (A) D.B. Jayatilaka served as a principal of the Nalanda College.
 (B) D.B. Jayatilaka was a temperance leader.
 (C) D.B. Jayatilaka was the first Leader of the House of the State Council under the Donoughmore Constitution.
 (D) D.B. Jayatilaka was instrumental in establishing the United National Party. (.....)

- In each of the question from 31 to 35, select the correct answer and write its **number in the bracket**.

31. Who constructed the Kantalai tank?

- (1) Jeṭṭhatissa II (2) Upatissa II (3) Moggallana II
(4) Aggabodhi II (5) Sena II (.....)

32. Who was the author of Amāvatura?

- (1) Gurulugomi (2) Vidyācakravarti (3) Parakrama-paṇḍita
(4) Sāriputta thero (5) Medhaṅkara thero (.....)

33. Who was the diplomatic envoy sent by the English East India Company to the Kandyan Kingdom in 1762?

- (1) Robert Knox (2) John Pybus (3) Hugh Boyd
(4) Robert Andrews (5) John D'Oyly (.....)

34. Who was the founder of the Vidyalankara Pirivena?

- (1) Valane Siddhartha thero (2) Hikkaduve Sri Sumaṅgala thero
(3) Dodandīve Piyaṛatana thero (4) Ratmalāne Dharmaloka thero
(5) Vālivitiye Sorata thero (.....)

35. Who was the key figure of the Islamic revival of the late nineteenth century?

- (1) M.C. Siddi Lebbe (2) Orabi Pasha (3) Wapuche Marikar
(4) T.B. Jayah (5) Badi-ud-din Mahmud (.....)

- In each of the questions from 36 to 40, two statements are given. On the basis of the table given below, select the description that fits best with the two statements in each of the questions and write its **number in the bracket**.

	First Statement	Second Statement
1	Correct	Incorrect
2	Correct	Correct
3	Incorrect	Incorrect
4	Incorrect	Correct
5	Correct	Correct and explains the first statement well.

	First Statement	Second Statement	
36.	Vijaya established his capital at Anuradhapura.	The Mahāvamsa states that Mahāsena dwelt like Kuvera of Ālakamanda.	(.....)
37.	The invasion of Kālinga Māgha paved the way for the downfall of the Anuradhapura kingdom.	Vijayabāhu I restored many irrigation works including the Ālahāra canal and the Minneri tank.	(.....)
38.	The collapse of the Rajarata civilization during the thirteenth century is a major turning point in the history of Sri Lanka.	After the thirteenth century the seat of administration shifted from Daṁbadeṇiya to the south west and the hydraulic civilization began to decline.	(.....)
39.	The laws and customs of the Tamils were codified by the Dutch in the Tēsavalamai.	The Dutch invasion of the Kandyan kingdom in 1765 was undertaken by Jan schreuder.	(.....)
40.	Under the first government of Mrs. Bandaranaike, many grant-in-aid schools were brought under state control.	The Sirima-Shastri pact was signed in 1964.	(.....)

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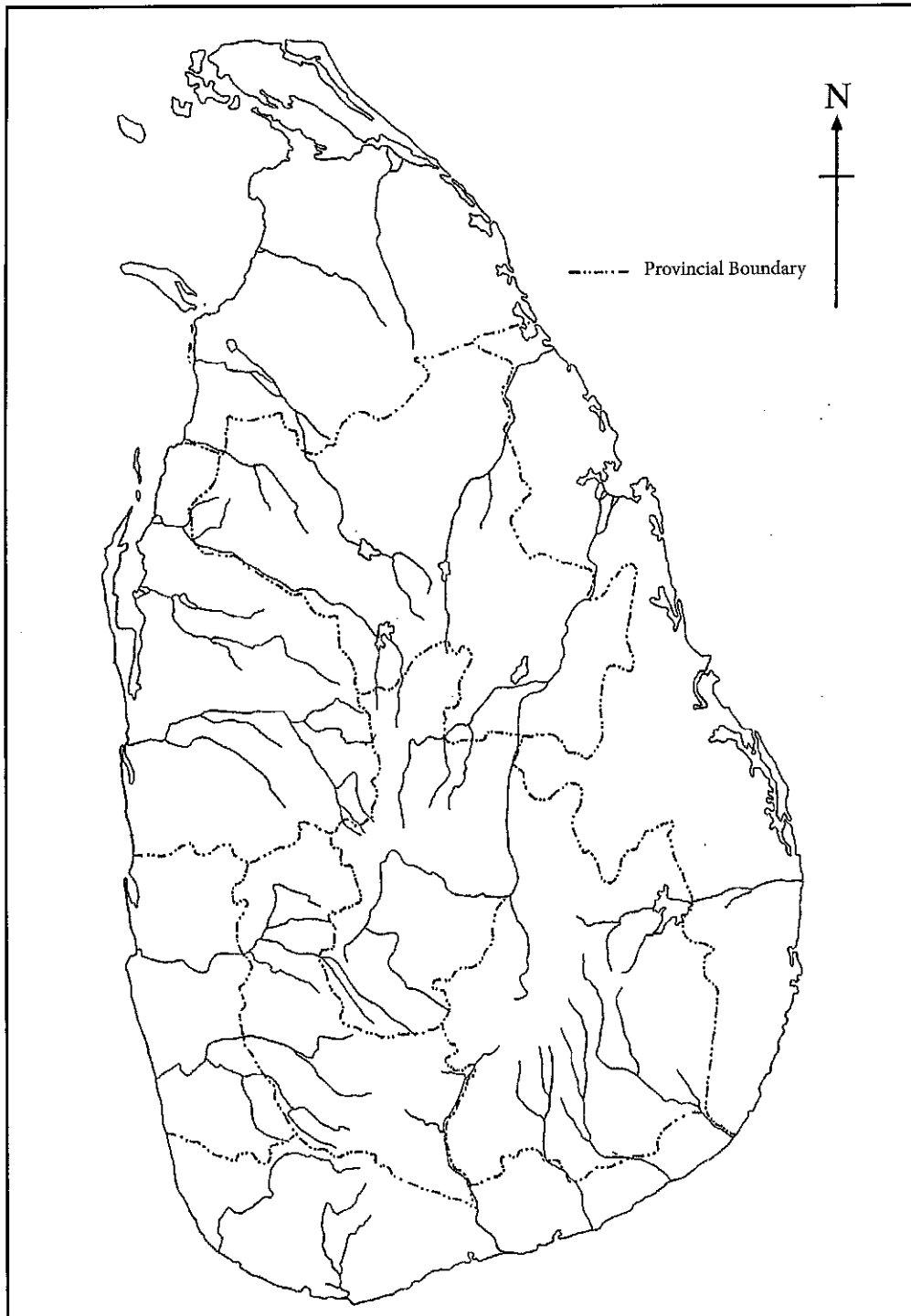
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ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව
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අධ්‍යයන පොදු සහතික පත්‍ර (උසස් පෙළ) විභාගය, 2018 අගෝස්තු
கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (உயர் தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2018 ஓகஸ்ட்
General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, August 2018

ඉතිහාසය	I	25	E
வரலாறு	I		
History	I		

ප්‍රශ්න අංකය }
வினா இல. }
Question No. } 1

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சுட்டெண் }
Index No. }



සියලු ම හිමිකම් ඇවිරිණි/முழுப் பதிப்புரிமையுடையது/All Rights Reserved

ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව
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கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (உயர் தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2018 ஓகஸ்ட்

General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, August 2018

ඉතිහාසය I (II කොටස)
வரலாறு I (பகுதி II)
History I (Part II)

25 E I

History of Sri Lanka - From the earliest times to 1978 A.D.

Instructions:

* Answer question No. 01 and three others.

(An outline map of Sri Lanka is provided for answering question No. 1)

Part II

1. Mark and name all the places given below on the map provided and write short historical notes on any two of them.

- | | |
|------------------|-------------------------|
| (i) Valave Gañga | (ii) Ūrātoṭa |
| (iii) Kālaṇiya | (iv) Nāccadūva vāva |
| (v) Kurunāgala | (vi) Koṭṭiyārama |
| (vii) Badulla | (viii) Nothern Province |

(01 mark for each item marked and named correctly; 05 marks for each short note)

2. "Mahāvamsa is the chronicle of the Mahāvihāra."

- | | |
|--|------------|
| (i) Name the tīka or the commentary to the Mahāvamsa. | (01 mark) |
| (ii) Name the main uposathaghara and the main stūpa belonged to the Mahāvihāra. | (02 marks) |
| (iii) Briefly state the manner in which information contained in the Mahāvamsa on the political history up to the end of the reign of Mahāsena is confirmed by inscriptions. | (04 marks) |
| (iv) To what extent is it justifiable to consider the Mahāvamsa as the chronicle of the Mahāvihāra upto the end of the reign of Mahāsena? | (07 marks) |

3. Assess the contribution made by Kāvantissa to the successful unification of Sri Lanka by Duṭugāmuṇu.

(14 marks)

4. "The reign of Parākramabāhu I marks the highest stage in the history of the ancient irrigation system." Discuss.

(14 marks)

5. Examine the importance of the Daṁbadeni period with reference to the following themes:

- | |
|---|
| (i) Establishment of the Kingdom of Daṁbadeni |
| (ii) Defeat of foreign invaders |
| (iii) Cultural awakening |

(14 marks)

6. Critically examine the factors which led to the downfall of Portuguese power in the maritime provinces of Sri Lanka.

(14 marks)

7. "The expansion of plantations under the British brought about a fundamental change in the economic sphere of Sri Lanka."
- (i) Name the British planter who commenced a coffee estate in Sri Lanka for the first time. (01 mark)
 - (ii) Name **two** main cash crops cultivated during the nineteenth century. (02 marks)
 - (iii) Briefly state the reform proposals of the Colebrooke Commission which were conducive to the commencement of plantations. (04 marks)
 - (iv) Examine the manner in which a fundamental change has taken place in the economic sphere of Sri Lanka with reference to the expansion of plantations during the nineteenth century. (07 marks)
8. Answer **either** Part (A) or Part (B) only.
- (A) Examine the main features of the Donoughmore Constitution. (14 marks)
 - (B) Examine the manner in which the Republican Constitution of 1978 differed from that of 1972. (14 marks)
9. Write short notes on the historical significance of any **two** of the following:
- (i) Sigiriya
 - (ii) Niśsaṃkamalla
 - (iii) Āryacakravarti dynasty
 - (iv) Anti-British struggle of 1818
 - (v) Peasant colonization schemes
 - (vi) General Election of 1956 (07 marks for each)

